THE COINS FROM 'EN 'AVRONA AND 'EN MARZEV

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'En 'Avrona

Ten coins were retrieved from the site, all of bronze. Seven of them were identified (see Porath, this volume: Table 1).

1. Reg. No. 15, L21, IAA 23987.

Justinian I, Constantinople, 527–537 CE.

Obv.: [dN IV]STINI-[ANVS PP AVC] Diademed, draped bust r.

Rev.: M Above, cross(?); to 1., eight-pointed

star; in ex.: CON

Æ *follis*, ↓, 14.43 g, 31 mm.

Cf. MIBE: 126, No. 83.

2. Reg. No. 19, L22, IAA 23989.

Umayyad, Ramla.

الله \ الالله \ وحده : Obv: In center

Rev.: Within circle: محمد \ رسول \ الله Palm branch;

marginal inscription: [- - -] Æ *fals*, 2.44 g, 21 mm. Ilisch 1993:12, No. 45.

3. Reg. No. 170, L45, IAA 23990.

Umayyad.

inscription: [- - -] *Rev*.: Illegible.

Æ fals, 3.64 g, 20 mm.

4. Reg. No. 517, Surface (south of Building C),

IAA 23992.

Umayyad.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible.

Æ fals, 3.45 g, 20 mm.

5. Reg. No. 518, L80, IAA 22371.

Umayyad.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible. Æ fals, 1.89 g, 16 mm.

6. Reg. No. 55, Surface (north of Building B), IAA 23991.

Al-Zāḥir Barqūq Sayf ad-Dīn, Cairo, AH 78[·]/ 1382–1388 CE.

○ الساطا الملك \ الظاهر سيف الدنيا و \ برقوق \ الظاهر سيف الدين ابو سعبد \ عز نصره

Rev.: ضرب باقاهرة ∫ [سنة خمس] و ثما نين ∫ وسبعماية .Æ fals, 4.34 g, 19 mm.

Cf. Balog 1964:256, No. 554.

7. Reg. No. 9, Surface (north of Building B), IAA 23988.

Mamlūk.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible.

Æ fals, 3.89 g, 20 mm.

'En Marzev

Six coins and a few coin fragments were found in the excavations of Building \(\lambda\). They apparently derive from two groupings of silver coins, both found very close to the surface, in the debris of W351 and W358, accumulating for roughly 30 cm over the original floor in room L313 (see Porath, this volume: Plan 17). The excavator noted that one coin was found 2 cm below the surface near W351, while three coins and "coin fragments" were found 5-10 cm below the surface near W358; however, these data seem to point to some confusion between the two groups, possibly occurring during their cleaning. As all of the coins are silver and roughly date to the same chronological horizon (from the third quarter of the ninth to the second quarter of the eleventh centuries CE), and since they all derived from the debris of the same building, the apparent confusion between the six coins does not significantly affect our understanding of them. Consequently, they are presented in the following catalogue in chronological order.

1. Reg. No. 566-1, L313, IAA 23064. Abassid (Al-Musta'in? AH 248–252/863–866 CE).

محمد \ رسول \ الله / ل :Obv

Rev.: Illegible.

AR dirham, 1.11 g, 20 mm.

2. Reg. No. 566-2, L313, IAA 23065.

Muḥammad b. Tughj, Abū Bakr al-Ikhshid (AH 323–334/935–946 CE), citing the caliph Al-Mutīi (AH 334–363/946–974 CE), Tabariya.

Obv.: In center: \الله الا الله وحده الاشريله الو القسم الله الا الله وحده الاهشيد

marginal inscription: شه الأمر ان

شه \ محمد \ رسول الله \ صاي الله علية \ Rev.: In center:

وعاى لله \ اماطيع لله

R dirham, 1.44 g, 23 mm.

Cf. Bacharach 2006:136, No. 162.

3. Reg. No. 562-1, L313, IAA 23060.

'Ali Abū al-Ḥasan al-Zāhir (AH 411–427/ 1021–1036 CE).

[الظاهر \ الله [الامام [- - -] Obv.:

محمد رسول الله \ على ولى الله : Rev

AR fraction of dirham, 1.51 g, 15 mm.





4. Reg. No. 562-2, L313, IAA 23061.

Fatimid.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible.

AR fraction of dirham, 0.57 g, 15 mm.

5. Reg. No. 562-3, L313, IAA 23062.

Fatimid.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible.

R fraction of dirham, 0.32 g, 14 mm.

6. Reg. No. 563, L313, IAA 23063.

Fatimid.

Obv. and Rev.: Illegible.

R fraction of dirham, 1.28 g, 17 mm.

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